W hat is claimed is:

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1		An apparatus	comprising.
•	1.	1 III upparatus	, comprising.

- a voltage source to provide a substantially temperature stable output voltage;
- a first semiconductor device biased by the substantially temperature stable
- 4 output voltage to provide a first output current; and
- 5 a second semiconductor device biased by the substantially temperature
- 6 stable output voltage to provide a second output current, the second semiconductor
- 7 device to couple to the first semiconductor device to provide a reference current
- 8 approximately equal to a difference between the first and the second output currents.
- 1 2. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the first and the second semiconductor
- 2 devices are biased by the substantially temperature stable output voltage to operate
- 3 in a saturation mode.
- 1 3. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the first and the second semiconductor
- 2 devices are fabricated on a single die.
- 1 4. The apparatus of claim 1, further including:
- a differencing circuit to couple to the first and the second semiconductor
- 3 devices.
- 1 5. The apparatus of claim 1, further including:
- a pair of current mirrors to couple to the first and the second semiconductor
- 3 devices.
- 1 6. The apparatus of claim 5, wherein the first and the second semiconductor
- 2 devices and the pair of current mirrors are fabricated on a single die.

- 1 7. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein a reference magnitude of the reference
- 2 current is approximately equal to a difference between the second output current and
- 3 a product of the first output current and a scaling constant.
- 1 8. The apparatus of claim 7, further comprising:
- a differencing circuit including a first current mirror selected to determine
- 3 the scaling constant.
- 1 9. The integrated circuit of claim 9, wherein the voltage source comprises a
- 2 band-gap voltage source.
- 1 10. An integrated circuit, comprising:
- a voltage source to provide a substantially temperature stable output voltage;
- a first semiconductor device biased by the substantially temperature stable
- 4 output voltage to provide a first output current; and
- a second semiconductor device biased by the substantially temperature
- 6 stable output voltage to provide a second output current, the second semiconductor
- 7 device to couple to the first semiconductor device to provide a reference current
- 8 approximately equal to a difference between the first and the second output currents;
- 9 and
- an output node in electrical communication with the first and second
- semiconductor devices to carry the reference current.
- 1 11. The integrated circuit of claim 10, wherein the first and the second
- 2 semiconductor devices are biased by the substantially temperature stable output
- 3 voltage to operate in a saturation mode.
- 1 12. The integrated circuit of claim 10, further including:
- a differencing circuit to couple to the first and the second semiconductor
- 3 devices.

- 1 13. The integrated circuit of claim 12, wherein the reference current has a
- 2 reference magnitude approximately equal to the difference between the second
- 3 output current and a product of the first output current and a scaling constant
- 4 determined by a current mirror included in the differencing circuit.
- 1 14. The integrated circuit of claim 10, wherein each one of the first and the
- 2 second semiconductor devices comprise a field effect transistor.
- 1 15. The integrated circuit of claim 14, further including:
- a pair of current mirrors to couple to the first and the second semiconductor
- devices, wherein each one of the pair of current mirrors includes a pair of field
- 4 effect transistors, and wherein the first and the second semiconductor devices and
- 5 the pair of current mirrors are fabricated on a single die.
- 1 16. The integrated circuit of claim 10, wherein the voltage source comprises a
- 2 band-gap voltage source.
- 1 17. A system, comprising:
- a cellular telephone including a voltage source to provide a substantially
- 3 temperature stable output voltage, a first semiconductor device biased by the
- 4 substantially temperature stable output voltage to provide a first output current, and
- 5 a second semiconductor device biased by the substantially temperature stable output
- 6 voltage to provide a second output current, the second semiconductor device to
- 7 couple to the first semiconductor device to provide a reference current
- 8 approximately equal to a difference between the first and the second output currents.
- 1 18. The system of claim 17, further comprising a differencing circuit to couple
- 2 to the first and the second semiconductor devices.
- 1 19. The system of claim 18, wherein the differencing circuit includes a first
- 2 current mirror selected to determine a scaling constant.

- 1 20. The system of claim 19, wherein the reference current has a reference
- 2 magnitude approximately equal to the difference between the second output current
- 3 and a product of the first output current and the scaling constant.